(INSERT YOUR COMPANY NAME HERE) Health and safety pack.

For: (INSERT NAME OF CLIENT, PROJECT OR CONTRACT NUMBER)

On: (INSERT TODAYS DATE)

Review date: (INSERT DATE 6 MONTHS AFTER TODAY)

Document author:	Signed:	Date:

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1) Risk assessment for carpet fitting

Potential hazards	People at risk and how?	Actions already in place	Further action required	Action by	Action target date	Done
Slips, trips and falls	Sprains, fractures and tissue damage could be suffered by operatives or public from slipping, tripping or falling over tools, materials, waste or areas of bad ground	 Housekeeping to be carried out at regular intervals throughout the working day with surplus materials and waste to be removed as work progresses Safety boots to be worn by all operatives and site visitors Work area to be cordoned off where practicable and site caution signs to be used Avoid trailing cables, and ensure materials and tools are not obstructing designated walkways Use signage for uneven, or wet floor surfaces as well as for change in levels 				
Hazard to hands from general construction work	Operatives can suffer skin disease and damage including dermatitis by prolonged contact with a range of materials	 A minimum of palm coated gripper gloves to be worn Waterproof gauntlets to be used for prolonged contact with wet works Avoid direct contact with skin where possible and rinse off with clean water if contact occurs Use of barrier cream encouraged 	Use of gloves to be monitored by supervisor			
Hazards to hands	Operatives could suffer strike or	Palm coated gripper gloves to be worn at all times	Use of gloves to be monitored by supervisor			

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(manual tools, strike and puncture wounds)	puncture injuries from materials and sharp objects they are working with	Hammers and percussive hand tools to be in good condition with relevant handguards in place. Visually inspect prior to use Cold chisels that have mushroomed should be			
		re dressed, and blunt or damaged tools should be repaired or discarded • Follow correct sequence of works so that no			
		debris can land from above			
Puncture wounds in feet (from waste material)	Puncture wounds could be suffered by operatives and public from stepping on sharp objects or timbers that have not been de-nailed	 Site footwear to have steel mid-soles Timbers and other waste products de-nailed or made safe Safety signage to be used to warn people of hazards and work area to be cordoned off if practicable Ensure walkways are kept free from waste materials Ensure there is adequate lighting 	Supervisor to brief operatives to ensure that all timbers are de-nailed and made safe		
Knee damage (from kneeling)	Musculoskeletal problems to knees may occur if body weight is predominantly on knees	 Provision of suitable PPE for knee protection, either in the form of work wear with integral knee protection (recommended), or independent knee pads Avoid remaining in one posture for long lengths of time 			
Knee damage (from carpet stretcher)	Musculoskeletal problems to knees may occur if carpet	Provision of suitable PPE for knee protection, either in the form of work wear with integral knee			

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	stretchers are regularly used.	protection (recommended), or independent knee pads • Use a power stretcher where possible		
Manual handling	Operatives may receive back and other injuries if correct practices are not adhered to	 Use a power stretcher where possible. Manual handling should be avoided where at all possible, but when required: Raising, lowering, and carrying loads is to be carried out using correct posture and techniques and following the health and safety guidelines for lifting at work. This includes the consideration of how heigh an object is to be lifted and the distance from the torso. The recommended maximum safe lifting limits when raising a compact object to waist level and close to the torso is 16kg for women and 25kg for men. However, these are only guidelines, and due to individuals having different capabilities, these figures are largely down to an individual's choice, provided they have had manual handling training and are competent. If the load is to be moved check the route is free from obstacles before starting and use mechanical aids such as stack trucks where possible if applicable. A load is classified as double handling if it is of irregular shape, obstructs vision, must be manhandled around staircases or other obstructions or if a person doesn't feel confident lifting it. 	All operatives and staff to have manual handling training every three years	

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Fire / explosion	All operatives in the vicinity could suffer smoke inhalation or burns	 Suitable fire extinguishers/sand buckets to be kept in welfare room and at various points around site if required No hot works to be carried out without a permit and sign off Fire risk assessment carried out prior to works commencing Escape routes, traffic management plan, muster point and importance of signing in book explained at induction and good housekeeping maintained Use of gas horns to act as fire alarm demonstrated at induction 	Supervisor to brief all operatives on first day on emergency arrangements agreed with principal contractor		
Welfare / first aid	Glasses cleaning stations, washing facilities and first aid facilities provide a safer working environment and allow minor cuts and grazes to be dealt with in a hygienic and proper manner	Principal contractor to provide on-site facilities including Flushing toilet Canteen with kettle, microwave and washing facilities First-aid equipment	Supervisor to brief operatives on facilities and the maintaining of a clean welfare area		
RSIs (Repetitive strain injuries)	Any individual who carries out repetitive tasks may experience pain in various joints and muscle groups.	 Avoid forceful or repetitive tasks where possible Ensure work area is set up correctly 			

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SDS percussion drill/chiseller	Wrist sprains, eye and ear damage can occur if correct precautions are not observed	 Avoid arching back or squatting for long periods Avoid stretching and over reaching Tool and drill or chisel buts to be visually inspected prior to use be fit for purpose and have current PAT certification Consideration of clothing, hair, cable position and jewellery should be made to ensure that nothing can get caught in moving parts Safety glasses to be worn to protect eyes from impact damage off moving particles and continued use of tool to be avoided due to vibration and possible HAV injuries 			
		 Drill to be removed from cutting surface every 30mm of depth when drilling concrete or masonry to prevent particle blow back Torque settings to be used to prevent muscular sprains is drill bit stalls 			
Substance Ris	ks	optame to arm by otomo	1		
Contact Adhesive	Inhalation of vapours has a narcotizing effect, may also irritate	 Follow manufacturer's instructions and use guidance set out in COSHH Assessment Do not use in confined or unventilated spaces 			
Duet	skin and eyes	Use of latex gloves to be encouraged Avoid vigorous brushing and the correct			
Dust	Irritating to respiratory system and skin with risk of	Avoid vigorous brushing and the correct respiratory and eye PPE for the task to be worn			

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	impact damage to eye			
Floor Adhesive Acrylic	May produce chemical burns with prolonged contact	Follow manufacturer's instructions and use guidance set out in COSHH Assessment		
Latex Screed	Irritating to respiratory system and skin, risk of serious damage to eyes, may cause sensitisation by skin contact	Follow manufacturer's instructions and use guidance set out in COSHH Assessment		
Silicone sealant	May cause skin, eye and respiratory irritation	Follow manufacturer's instructions and use guidance set out in COSHH Assessment .		

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2) Risk awareness for areas where asbestos could potentially be discovered

Please note that this Risk Assessment is designed to make you aware of areas where asbestos could potentially be within your work environment.

It is not an exhaustive list, but is designed as a guide to help you remember which products may contain asbestos in your work environment, and consequently which products shouldn't be disturbed.

Any industrial or residential building, built or refurbished before the year 2000 may contain asbestos, and, if you suspect that you've discovered asbestos, stop work immediately and inform a supervisor or manager.

In this document AIB is the acronym for Asbestos Insulation Board

Potential hazards	Where this may be found
Asbestos cement downpipes and gutters	Found on roof lines and between roof and gutter
	If unpainted it is usually easy to spot by its colour
	If painted, it looks like a cast iron product
Asbestos cement soil and vent pipes.	Usually on exterior of building but may be internal especially on maisonettes, flats and Town
Residential	Houses.
	If unpainted it is usually easy to spot by its colour
	If painted, it looks like a cast iron product
Asbestos cement soil and vent pipes. Commercial	Usually on interior of tall buildings as no access equipment is needed to service or maintain but may be externally fitted
	If unpainted it is usually easy to spot by its colour

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	If painted, it looks like a cast iron product
Asbestos cement flue pipes. Residential	Flue pipes usually take the shortest route from boiler to exterior either through a wall or the roof
	space
	Usually left unpainted when exiting through roof so easier to spot
	Often boxed in or painted internally
Asbestos cement flue pipes. Commercial	Flue pipis have to carry exhaust gas from a boiler room to the outside, and by the nature of
	commercial buildings, they can have complex designs
	Often spray coated, painted or boxed in
	Offert spray coated, painted of boxed in
	If boxed in the material usually used is asbestos cement sheets
	Any boxing in may have been decorated as building has been maintained
Asbestos cement vent pipes	Mainly used in commercial buildings to transport cooled air in air conditioning systems
	Almost always boxed in, sometimes with asbestos cement sheets
	Ann broken in the control of the con
Taxtured descriptive sections	Any boxing in may have been decorated as building has been maintained
Textured decorative coatings	Artex is the main culprit and the only way to tell if it contains asbestos is to get it tested
	Found on both ceilings and walls
AIB ceiling tiles	Mainly found in commercial buildings and offices due to being able to hide cables above ceiling
Alb coming thes	tray
	Rarely found in residential buildings as most has been removed due to going out of fashion
Asbestos cement water tanks	Usually found in roof spaces
Bakelite	Toilet cisterns and seats, old light fittings and switches and many other components
	Looks like plastic, and is usually dark brown or black and contains asbestos
Sprayed coatings	Mainly found in commercial buildings as most homes have plastered walls
	Constructions were used as wells, sallings and because as a first section of the last section.
	Sprayed coatings were used on walls, ceilings and beams as a fire retardant and insulator

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Lagging	Used as an insulation material on pipes in both residential and commercial properties
	Also used on boilers, but this was mainly the larger commercial type
AIB bath panels	End and side panels for baths
	May have been decorated, tiled or cladded
AIB backing board	Found behind fuse boxes, consumer boards, behind and around boilers, in airing cupboards and behind fires
Loose fill insulation	Used in all property types as an insulation
	Can be found in loft spaces, under floor boards and in cavity walls
Vinyl floor tiles and adhesive	Predominantly a 150 x 150mm tile approximately 2mm thick
	Once a popular choice of flooring for kitchens and bathrooms in residential properties
	Used extensively in commercial properties for most floors and corridors
	Both the tile and adhesive may contain asbestos
	May be hidden under newer floor coverings
AIB in partition walls and fire doors	Used as a fire stop inside of both products
Asbestos cement roofs	Usually corrugated panelled roofs that are bolted or screwed to joists
	Are brittle and fragile and were popular for farm out buildings as well as garage and commercial roofs
Roofing felt	Used for most flat roof applications and sometimes under shingles
	Mainly used from the early 1000's to early 1000's
Soffits	Mainly used from the early 1900's to early 1980's Either AIB of asbestos cement board
	Uses as a soffit and may be ventilated or whole
	May be painted to match surrounding timbers
Window panels	Found in all building types both interior and exterior

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	Where a window frame is high level to floor but there is only glass in the top half The bottom half is often painted on the outside and decorated or plastered on the inside
Textiles	Ironing board fabric, oven gloves, heat mats, fire blankets aprons. The list goes on
	Any old fabric that has heat resistant properties is suspect
Gaskets, seals and paper	Often used in boilers and as seals on wood burners
	Paper also used as liner for floorings and roof coverings
	may be hidden under existing floor coverings

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3) Method statement for carpet fitting

Scope of Works

This method statement describes the work process for the following

- 1) Start of works
- 2) Prep floor
- 3) Fit grippers and underlay
- 4) Fit carpet
- 5) Finishing

Step by step process

Start of works

- 1) Read relevant risk and COSHH assessment and follow guidelines for the correct PPE.
- 2) Sheet up and protect work area and surrounding, including signage and barriers as required.
- 3) Visually inspect work area and only begin works if it is a safe working environment.
- 4) Cordon off work area if required to do so.
- 5) Ensure the area to be worked and exit points are clear of obstruction and that safe access and egress is maintained.
- 6) Check any electrical or hand tools for damage or faults, faulty or damaged tools must be removed from service immediately.
- 7) Do not leave tools and equipment unattended at any time.

Prep floor

- 1) Sweep and/or vacuum work area to remove dust.
- 2) Check for any protruding nails or screw heads and remove if applicable.
- 3) Refix any lose floorboards and fill any damaged concrete areas with latex screed.
- 4) Fit ply or hardboard sheets to timber floors if required.
- 5) Use self-levelling latex screed on concrete floors if required.

Fit grippers and underlay

- 1) Cut carpet grippers to length with snips as required and fit the carpet grippers to perimeter of floor leaving an 8mm gap between gripper and skirting board
- 2) If the masonry nails supplied with the gripper fail in concrete floors, use screws and raw plugs where required.

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- 3) Fit thresholds or edging strips to doorways as required.
- 4) Cut, fit and tape floor lining paper as required.
- 5) Roll out, cut and butt underlay to the edge of the carpet grippers.
- 6) Fix underlay with staples or spray adhesive as required.

Fit carpet

- 1) Measure the room and the carpet and take into account any patterns and which way the pile should lie if it's to match and existing.
- 2) Position and align the first piece of carpet ensuring that any ripples are worked towards the edges of the room by pushing with the flat sole of your footwear.
- 3) Push the carpet as far into the corners as possible and make a vertical cut from the base of the skirting to the edge of the carpet.
- 4) Reduce any excess carpet to 100mm longer than the approximate finished size.
- 5) Starting work in the corners. Use a carpet stretcher to stretch the carpet over the carpet grippers and tuck the carpet between the carpet gripper and skirting board with a carpet chisel.
- 6) Once all of the corners are fixed continue fitting the carpet with stretcher and chisel until the entire perimeter is fixed.
- 7) Fold the edge of the carpet back on its self and use a utility knife to trim the carpet to size.
- 8) Once the carpet has been trimmed to size use a carpet tucker to force the carpet into the gap between the skirting board and carpet gripper.
- 9) Finish by making any cuts around architraves and fitting carpet to threshold or edging strips as required.

Finishing

- 1) All tools and equipment will be cleared to secure storage at the end of each shift
- 2) Staff will leave area clean and tidy at end of shift



4) COSHH assessment for spray contact adhesive

Substance /	S	Spray contact adhesive															
material																	
Suppliers address and phone No Nonsense Limited, Trade House, Houndstone Bus Park, Yeovil Somerset BA22 8RT							3A22 8RT										
number			<u> </u>						-		,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
product 60%			60%,	ACETO	GASES, LIQUE NE 10 – 30%, Hyelics, <5% n- 10 –	drocarb			,	Is there a work osure limit	Yes	⊠N	[o 🗆	Di	uration	8	Hrs
Where the prodused	duct's	Ou	ıtside		Insid	e wel	l ventilate	d⊠	Inside 1	poorly vent	ilated	\boxtimes	Co	nfine	d space		
How the produused	cts	M	ixing		Pouring		Sprayin	g 🗵	Brushing	g 🔲	Apply	ing by ha	nd / hand tools		Loadin	g out	
Product hazaro	d levels		High		Medium	\boxtimes	Low [1	Product	state	Solid		Liquid	\boxtimes		Gas	
Flammable	Oxid	dising		as unde	Expl	osive	Ver	ty toxic	Corr	rosive	Serious haz	health ard	Healt hazard/ir			nger to ronmer	
PPE	Gloves	s Gl	asses	G	oggles	Face shield	HO	otwear	PPE Clothe	s Dust r	nask	FFP2 mask		P3 ask	Respi	3	Noise
Outside	\boxtimes		\boxtimes					\boxtimes]]	
Inside well	\boxtimes		\boxtimes					\boxtimes]]	

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Inside poorly ventilated	orly 🛮 🗎 🗆 🗎 🗆 🗆 🗆 ontilated														
Confined space															
s the substance hazardous to health when:															
Breathed in															
Health risks: Harmful by inhala Skin contact: The Eye contact: There Ingestion: There Inhalation: There	ere may be irri re may be irrit may be sorene	itation and red tation and red ess and rednes	dness at the siness. The eyes of the mout	te of contact. s may water p h and throat. I	rofusely. Nausea and st	omach pain m	nay occur. The	ere may be vo	omiting.	d.					

First aid and emergency measures:



 \boxtimes

First aider







Eye wash \boxtimes



Wash affected area \boxtimes



Boot wash



First aid details:

After significant accidental inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If unconscious place in the recovery position. Consult a physician if casualty does not rapidly improve.

After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist.

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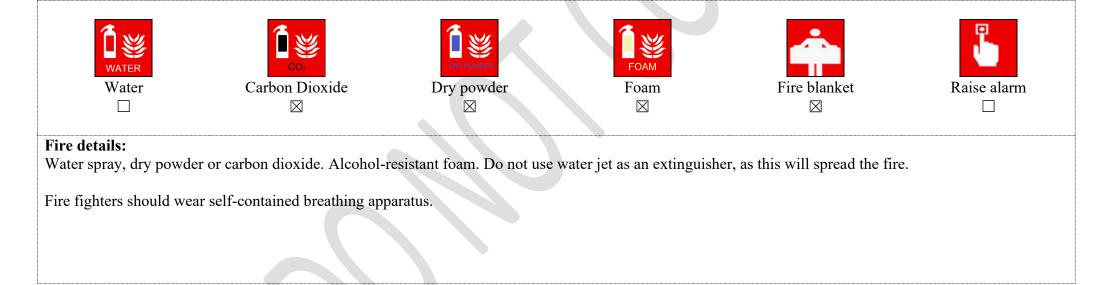
After skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water as soon as reasonably practicable. Remove heavily contaminated clothing and wash underlying skin. In extreme situations of saturation with this product, drench with water, remove clothing as soon as possible and wash skin with soap and water. Seek medical advice if skin becomes red, swollen or painful.

After significant accidental ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical help.

Spillage and environmental:

Mobility: Store in an upright position and ensure container is tightly closed.

Accidental release: Contain the spillage using bunding. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non- combustible material. The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.



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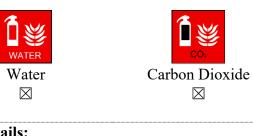
5) COSHH assessment for carpet jointing tape

Substance / material	Ca	rpet jointing	g tape													
Suppliers addre number	ss and p	hone	Eurob	ond retail ad	hesives	LTD, Bonl	ham [Drive,	Eurolink Indust	rial Estate Si	ttingbourr	ne, Kent M	E10 3RY	,		
Contents / ingre product			Foam er 20%	70% Acryli	e Adhes	sive 10%	Rele	ease	Is the exposure	here a work Ye e limit	s 🗆	No 🗵	D	uration		
Where the prod used	uct's	Outside		Ins	ide wel	l ventila	ted	\boxtimes	Inside poor	ly ventilated	i 🗵		Confine	ed space	\boxtimes	
How the productused	:ts	Mixing	5	Pourin	g 🗆	Spray	ing		Brushing	App	lying by	hand / har too	:	Loadin	g out	
Product hazard	levels	High	ı 🛮 🗆	Mediu	n 🗆	Low			Product state	e Soli	i 🗵	Liqu	id 🗆		Gas	
Flammable	Oxidi	sing	Gas un press	F	Explosiv	ve .	Very	toxic	c Corros	Se Se	rious head		Health ard/irrit		Danger nvironn	
	10]					[
PPE	Gloves	Glasse	S	Goggles	Face	d F	ootw	rear	PPE Clothes	Dust mask	FFF		FFP3 mask	Respi		Noise
Outside]	
Inside well ventilated]	

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Confined space State substance hazardous to health when: Breathed in Swallowed In contact with skin In contact with eyes Other. Please specify Health risks: Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. However there is no known toxicity. Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely. Ingestion: No known toxicity. First aid and emergency measures:	Inside poorly ventilated	ventilated Confined														
Breathed in □ Swallowed □ In contact with skin □ In contact with eyes ☒ Other. Please specify Health risks: Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. However there is no known toxicity. Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely. Ingestion: No known toxicity. First aid and emergency measures: Emergency servics First aider First aid box Shower Eye wash Wash affected area Boot wash □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □																
Breathed in □ Swallowed □ In contact with skin □ In contact with eyes ☒ Other. Please specify Health risks: Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. However there is no known toxicity. Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely. Ingestion: No known toxicity. First aid and emergency measures: Emergency servics First aider First aid box Shower Eye wash Wash affected area Boot wash □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Is the substance	hazardous to	health when	•												
Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. However there is no known toxicity. Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely. Ingestion: No known toxicity. First aid and emergency measures: Emergency servics First aider First aid box Shower Eye wash Wash affected area Boot wash		·	······································		skin 🗆 Ir	contact with	i eyes 🗵 (Other. Please s	pecify							
Emergency servics First aider First aid box Shower Eye wash Wash affected area Boot wash	Skin contact: The Eye contact: The	Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact. However there is no known toxicity. Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. The eyes may water profusely. Ingestion: No known toxicity.														
	First aid and em	ergency mea	sures:													
	Emergency serv															
First aid details:							-	•								
After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist. After skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water as soon as reasonably practicable.	First aid details: After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist.															
Spillage and environmental: No special measures.	After contact wi widely to flush ey Contact a special After skin conta	th eyes: Do n ye(s) immedia ist of occupati ct: Wash skin	tely by thorous	ghly rinsing ve or an eye spe	with plenty of ecialist.	clean water fo	or at least 15					s)				

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Fire details:

Hazardous decomposition products are co2 and various hydrocarbons if burnt in large quantities.

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6) COSHH assessment for floor adhesive acrylic

Substance / material	Floor Adl	nesive	Acrylic												
Suppliers address number	and phone	I	Ardex UK	Limited,	Home	efield Road,	Hav	erhill, Suffolk.	CB9 8QP. 0	1440 7	14939				
Contents / ingredic product	ents of	2-Ph <1%	•	nol 5-10%	%, Pot	assium Hyd	roxic		nere a work Yes climit	\boxtimes	No 🗆	Du	ration	8	Hrs
Where the producused	t 's O	ıtside	\boxtimes	Inside	e well	ventilated	\boxtimes	Inside poorl	ly ventilated	\boxtimes	Co	onfined	space	\boxtimes	
How the products used	M	ixing	\boxtimes	Pouring	\boxtimes	Spraying		Brushing	Apply	ing by	hand / hand tools	:	Loading	out	
Product hazard le	vels	High	□ I	Medium		Low		Product state	Solid		Liquid	\boxtimes		Gas	
Flammable	Oxidising		s under ressure	Explo	sive	Very to	xic	Corrosive	Serious health haz		Health hazard/irri			anger ⁄ironn	
		<	\Diamond	(d)	>							•	•	*	>
				Ö		Ö					\boxtimes				
PPE Gl	oves G	lasses	Gogg		Face shield	Footw	vear	PPE Cloths	Dust mask	FF: ma		FP3 ask	Respir		Noise
Outside	\boxtimes	\boxtimes				\boxtimes									

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ngida wall														
Inside well ventilated	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes									
Inside poorly	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes	П	п							
ventilated					<u></u>									
Confined space	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes									
Is the substance	e hazardou	is to health w	hen:											
Breathed in	s the substance hazardous to health when: Breathed in Swallowed In contact with skin In contact with eyes Other. Please specify													
***************************************		•												
Health risks: M Skin contact: S durations. Eye contact: Th Ingestion: May Inhalation: No	kin irritationere may be cause disco	on is not antici e irritation and comfort if swal	pated when u	sed normally.	However, th		cause severe l	ourns if skin v	vas in constar	nt contact for	long			

First aid and emergency measures:



Emergency servics



First aider



First aid box



Shower



Eye wash

 \boxtimes



Wash affected area

 \boxtimes



Boot wash

 \boxtimes



First aid details:

After significant accidental inhalation: No Known effects

After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist.

After skin contact: Wash copiously with soap and water - remove contaminated clothing, including shoes and launder before re-use. If skin irritation develops seek immediate medical attention.

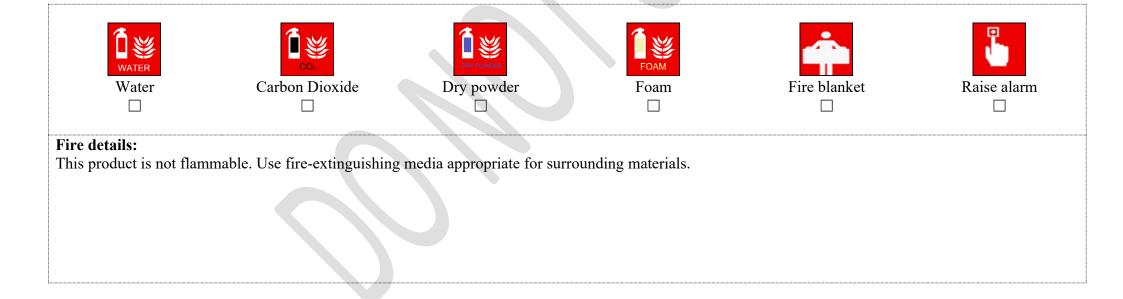
After significant accidental ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting and obtain medical attention if discomfort persists.

Spillage and environmental:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

Mobility: Store in an upright position and ensure container is tightly closed.

Accidental release: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding then, absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.



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7) COSHH assessment for latex screed

Substance / material	La	tex Screed (Ceme	nt Powder)												
Suppliers addre	ess and p	ohone	Arde	x UK Limite	d, Hon	nefield Road	l, Hav	erhill, Suffo	olk. CB9 8	3QP. 0	1440 71493	39				
Contents / ingreproduct	edients o	and ma	sulph gnesia	silicates, alur ates. Small a and chloride amounts of	mounts	s of alkalis, lso present t	lime, ogeth	er	Is there a work sure limit	Yes	⊠ No		Dı	ıration	8	Hrs
Where the prodused	luct's	Outside		Ins	ide we	ll ventilated	\boxtimes	Inside p	oorly ven	tilated		Со	nfine	d space		
How the production used	cts	Mixing	; X	Pouring	g 🛛	Spraying		Brushing		Apply	ing by hand	d / hand tools	\boxtimes	Loadin	g out	
Product hazard	l levels	High		Mediun	n 🗵	Low		Product s	state	Solid	\boxtimes	Liquid			Gas	
Flammable	Oxio	dising		under ssure	Explo	sive	Very	toxic	Corrosiv	ve	Serious hea		Hea azard/	alth 'irritant		anger to ironment
	<		<	>	(2		4						<		<	\$
			[]					Σ			
PPE	Gloves	Glasse	5	Goggles	Face shiel	d Foot	wear	PPE Clothes	Dust	mask	FFP2 mask	FF		Respi	3)	Noise
Outside	\boxtimes	\boxtimes					⊴]	

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Inside well	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes						
ventilated			Ш	Ш				Ш	Ш		Ш
Inside											
poorly											
ventilated											
Confined											
space		Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш				Ш	Ц	Ш
Is the substance	hazardo	ous to health w	hen:								
Breathed in ⊠	Swa	ıllowed 🗵	In contact v	vith skin 🛛	In contact	with eyes 🛛	Other. Ple	ase specify			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>.</u>		<u> </u>		-					
Health risks: Ir	ritating to	respiratory sys	tem and skin	. Risk of serio	us damage to	eyes. May cau	use sensitisa	tion by skin co	ontact.		
Inhalation · Chr	_							-		may cause ch	ronic

obstructive lung disease.

Contact dermatitis/Sensitising effects: Some individuals may exhibit eczema upon exposure to wet cement, caused either by the high pH which induces irritant contact dermatitis, or by an immunological reaction to soluble Cr (VI) which elicits allergic contact dermatitis

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Inhaling cement dust may aggravate existing respiratory system disease(s) and/or medical conditions such as emphysema or asthma and/or existing skin and/or eye conditions.

First aid and emergency measures:



Emergency servics





First aid box



Shower



Eye wash \times



Wash affected area



Boot wash

X

First aid details:

After significant accidental inhalation: Move person to fresh air. Dust in throat and nasal passages should clear spontaneously. Contact a physician if irritation persists or later develops or if discomfort, coughing or other symptoms do not subside.

After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 45 minutes to remove all particles. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist.

Page 24 of 28 HSEDocs.com **After skin contact:** For dry cement, remove and rinse abundantly with water. For wet cement, wash skin with water. Remove contaminated clothing, footwear, watches, etc, and clean thoroughly before re-using them. Seek medical treatment in all cases of irritation or burns.

After significant accidental ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If person is conscious, wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink. Get immediate medical attention or contact anti poison centre.

Spillage and environmental:

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment (LC50 aquatic toxicity not determined). The addition of large amounts of cement to water may, however, cause a rise in pH and may therefore be toxic to aquatic life under certain circumstances.

Mobility: Dry cement is not volatile but might become airborne during handling operations.

Accidental release: Pick up dry. Mark the containers. Possibly reuse depending upon shelf life considerations and the requirement to avoid dust exposure. In case of disposal, harden with water.

After addition of water, hardened: Dispose of according to the local legislation. Avoid entry into the sewage water system. Dispose of the hardened product as concrete waste. Due to the inertisation, concrete waste is not a dangerous waste.









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Fire details:

Cement is non-flammable; however it is manufactured in flammable plastic or paper packaging.

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8) COSHH assessment for silicone sealant

Substance / material	Silicone Se	ealant	t													
Suppliers address an number	nd phone	\$	Sirofl	lex Limited, I	Oodwo	rth Business	Park	, Dodworth, Barnsle	y, Soutl	York	shire.	S75 3S	P. 01	226 771	600	
Contents / ingredier product	nts of		%, Di	s (petroleum), stillates (petro	•				Yes		No		Dı	ıration		
Where the product' used	s Out	side	\boxtimes	Insi	de wel	l ventilated	\boxtimes	Inside poorly ver	ıtilated	\boxtimes		Со	nfine	d space	\boxtimes	
How the products used	Mi	xing		Pouring		Spraying		Brushing	Apply	ring by	y hand	/ hand tools	\boxtimes	Loadin	g out	
Product hazard leve	els I	High		Medium		Low		Product state	Solid			Liquid			Gas	
Flammable	Oxidising	1		under sure	Explos	ive V	ery to	oxic Corrosive	S	erious haz	health ard		Healt ard/ir			nger to conment
	③		<	>				\diamond					()	>	<	
]		\boxtimes			

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PPE	Gloves	Glasses	Goggles	Face shield	Footwear	PPE Cloths	Dust mask	FFP2 mask	FFP3 mask	Respirator	Noise
Outside	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes						
Inside well ventilated	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes						
Inside poorly ventilated	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes						
Confined space	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes		
Is the substar Breathed in		us to health v	vhen: In contact w	ith skin 🛛	In contact	with eyes		se specify			
Skin contact: Eye contact: Ingestion: Th	There may be There may be s	be irritation and e irritation and oreness and r		ne site of con eyes may wa nouth and tha	ater profusely.		pain may occur.	There may b	oe vomiting.		
First aid and	emergency	measures:									
		+					9			L	
Emergency s	servics	First aider	Firs	aid box	Show	er	Eye wash	Wasl	h affected area	Boot -	_

First aid details:

After significant accidental inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so.

After contact with eyes: Do not rub eyes, as additional cornea damage is possible by mechanical stress. Remove any contact lenses and open the eyelid(s) widely to flush eye(s) immediately by thoroughly rinsing with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCl). Contact a specialist of occupational medicine or an eye specialist.

After skin contact: Wipe off with tissue and wash contaminated area.

After significant accidental ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

Spillage and environmental:

Non-toxic.

Mobility: Store in cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed

Accidental release: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding then, absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.













Fire details:

No special measures required.

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